

DALEY'S COLTS DEFEATED

Italian Athletic Club Made Two Out of Three

IN SMALL PIN MATCH

There Was No Game in the City Candle Pin League, as the Carvers Have Withdrawn from League—Veterans Roll To-night.

The Italian athletic club candle pin team defeated Daley's Colts of Montpelier at Russell's alley last evening, winning two of the three strings rolled. Colombo of the evening team had the high single of the evening of 107 and also the high three-string total of 284.

The match which was scheduled for last evening between the Italian team of the City league and Jones' Teddy Bears was called off because the former team has withdrawn from the league. There will be a match this evening between two teams of the old time bowlers.

The score of last evening's play was as follows:

Italian Athletic Club.			
Nicora	81	92	93-266
Marsi	83	80	82-251
Bianchi	92	75	70-237
Cardi	74	87	100-261
Colombo	107	103	74-284
Totals	437	443	419-1290

Daley's Colts.			
McMahon	66	86	87-239
Hackwell	87	86	96-269
Inghran	96	88	85-249
Gono	83	91	97-271
Daley	87	73	103-266
Totals	419	427	408-1314

CARNEGIE GIVES \$25,000 OUT OF GRATITUDE.

Assists an Unfortunate Wife Whose Father Helped Him When He Was a Struggling Poor Youth.

New York, March 5.—Out of gratitude for an obligation rendered to him many years ago, Andrew Carnegie has given \$25,000 to Mrs. Henry Sangar Snow, whose husband, formerly treasurer of the New York & New Jersey Telephone Company, is a fugitive from justice.

Snow is charged with the embezzlement of \$29,000, and when he disappeared his wife and three children were left without other resources than an appeal to relatives for aid.

Much publicity followed Snow's default, and it was then that Mr. Carnegie remembered the favor of long ago. He had been rendered him by Mrs. Snow's father, David Brooks, a wealthy manufacturer and banker of Baltimore, who died about 20 years ago. Carnegie was a poor boy in western Pennsylvania, struggling to make his way, when Mr. Brooks came to his aid. What the service was or what the amount no one concerned would reveal.

Mrs. Snow declares that she never has known the nature of the obligation, as she had no acquaintance with Mr. Carnegie, and that her father never mentioned the subject.

Her first knowledge of the benefaction was when she received word that \$25,000 had been deposited to her credit in a New York bank, and that she was free to draw upon it whenever she so pleased.

Before Snow disappeared it was asserted that he had obtained possession of his wife's fortune, amounting to about \$40,000, and had used it in an effort to save himself by plunging in Wall street. He failed to get on the right side of the market, and everything was swept away.

ALFONSO'S LIFE THREATENED.

Picards Are Posted Throughout Barcelona.

Barcelona, March 5.—Picards posted throughout Barcelona announcing that an attempt would be made upon the life of King Alfonso by his approaching visit to this city March 12 were torn down and destroyed yesterday by the police.

DRUNKENNESS A Curable Disease

Eminent Physicians and Scientific Men Agree That It Should Be Treated As Such.

Drunkenness is a progressive disease; the moderate drinker is not satisfied with two or three drinks a day, the craving for more and more becomes irresistible as the disease advances; the result is chronic alcoholism.

The treatment used successfully by thousands right in their own homes is Orzine. It is a scientific cure for drunkenness and has given such universal satisfaction that it is sold under a positive guarantee to effect a cure or your money will be refunded. This guarantee is given in good faith and is carried out to the letter. Orzine is not a new remedy; it has been sold by the leading druggists in every city for years. It has lifted tens of thousands from the depths to worthy manhood and has the hearty endorsement of grateful men and women in every state in the union.

Orzine No. 1 is the secret remedy; Orzine No. 2 is for those willing to take the treatment. Either form costs \$1.00. The guarantee is the same in every case. Write to The Orzine Co., Washington, D. C., for free literature on drunkenness, mailed in plain sealed envelope. Orzine will be mailed on receipt of price. Sold by the leading druggists in every town and city, and in this city by Rickett & Wells.

"A Good Name at Home"

"Is a tower of strength abroad"—and the excellent reputation of C. I. Hood Co. and their remedies in the city of Lowell, where they are best known, inspires confidence in the world over, not only in the medicine but in anything their proprietors say about them. "If Made by Hood It's Good."

"I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best all-round family medicine known today." Mrs. G. D. FARLEY, 632 Wilder St., Lowell, Mass.

"I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to any one." JOHN B. DUFFY, 14 Auburn Street, Lowell, Mass.

"I am a strong and healthy woman today, from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I keep in the house for all the family." Mrs. FANNIE BATES, 108 Leverett St., Lowell, Mass.

"I consider Hood's Sarsaparilla the best blood-purifier in the world." Mrs. JENNIE E. CARLTON, 113 Liberty St., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold everywhere. In the usual liquid, or in tablet form called Sarsatabs. 100 Doses One Dollar. Prepared only by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

DUCHESSE CONSUELO JOINS 'TITLED SOCIALIST' RANKS

British Aristocracy Bewildered By Her Conversion to New Theories.

New York, March 5.—The beautiful Duchesse of Marlborough, formerly Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, who is now en voyage to America on the Lucania, is the latest lady of title to become a Socialist, according to cable dispatches yesterday from London.

She is thought to have been converted to Socialistic doctrines by the noted Countess of Warwick, formerly Lady Brooks, or more famously known as "Babbling Brooks" ever since the Transvaal scandal.

London society in general and the St. James set in particular has already recovered from its recent shock on learning that the Duchesse of Marlborough (nee Helen Zimmerman of Cincinnati) was a convert to Socialism by the Countess of Warwick.

This accession of the Duchesse of Marlborough to the Socialist ranks has revived the appalled aristocrats of Mayfair and Belgrave to a bewildered almost indignant.

When the Duchesse of Marlborough was announced as an ardent and practical Socialist her friends warned her of the terrible case of the Countess of Warwick. They pointed out that turning to Socialism and encouraging the wide spreading Socialistic doctrines meant nothing less than loss of social prestige, that even the powerful title of Marchioness, backed by the wealth of Papa Zimmerman, could not save her from royal disfavour and that she was reducing her status to the status of an inspired "crank."

The Duchesse of Marlborough has been a conspicuous figure in the so-called society charities. She has been particularly interested in the West Ham hospital, and only last August laid the cornerstone of a new wing for that institution.

She has rented and furnished two houses in the notorious East End of London, where she cares for the wives and children of convicts—a class whose lot is particularly discouraging.

From this general relief of the poor the Duchesse of Marlborough progressed to an earnest study of Socialism and Socialistic doctrine and papers. She is quoted as having praised theories whose application would mean the overturn of present social conditions in England. And, to cap the climax of Mayfair's dismay, she is actually said to have deplored the accumulation of excessive wealth.

MRS. HOSIE NAMES MRS. WALKER IN DIVORCE SUIT

Action Brought Against Her Husband Following Her Failure in \$50,000 Alienation Suit.

Portsmouth, N. H., March 5.—Unsuccessful in her \$50,000 alienation suit against Mrs. Mary F. Walker, the beautiful and wealthy widow of Arthur W. Walker, Mrs. Abbie T. Hosie has filed a suit for divorce against her husband, Joseph E. Hosie, naming Mrs. Walker.

No sooner had the announcement of this suit become known than it was given out that Hosie was about to enter suit against his wife for divorce on the ground of excessive cruelty. He alleges that at various times his wife has assaulted and abused him. This suit has not been brought to trial. It is expected that both suits will be heard in the April term of court.

In her petition, Mrs. Hosie alleges that Mr. Hosie abandoned her in January, 1907, and charges him with improper relations with Mary F. Walker.

The case has created a sensation in this city since the filing of the alienation suit. Mrs. Walker is well known for her beauty. Her husband was one of the wealthiest coal dealers of New England.

CHARGED LARCENY OF STUD.

C. W. Reagan's Allegation That Tailor Stole Diamond Not Proven.

St. Albans, March 5.—S. Bloch, who conducts a tailor shop on Main street, was arraigned before Judge N. N. Post in city court yesterday charged with the larceny of a diamond and valued at \$700 from C. W. Reagan. After the hearing the respondent was discharged, there not being sufficient evidence to hold him.

Mr. Reagan's testimony tended to show that Monday night he pinned his diamond stud into the back pocket of his trousers and that yesterday he took the trousers to Mr. Bloch to have them pressed. He called for and received the trousers yesterday afternoon and when he put them on the stud was missing. He then went to Mr. Bloch in an effort to get the stud but the respondent claimed not to have it. A search warrant was then issued and the home and person of the respondent were searched but the stud was not found.

WAR ON "COTTON FUTURES"

Plea For Passage of Burleson Resolution

SIMS SAYS PRACTICES

Of Exchange Intolerable—Depew Wants the Tillman Bill Extended—Would Not Confine the Bank Inquiry to New York.

Washington, D. C., March 5.—Declaring that the practices of the New York Cotton Exchange were intolerable and that the cotton growers of the South had determined to use all lawful means to end them, Mr. Sims of Tennessee yesterday in the House of Representatives, advocated the passage of the Burleson bill prohibiting the use of the mail, telegraph and telephone services in dealing in "cotton futures" where the delivery and acceptance of actual cotton is not intended.

DEPEW DEFENDS NEW YORK.

Thinks Proposed Bank Inquiry Should Not Be Confined to That City.

Washington, March 5.—After a sharp debate in which Senators Tillman, Hale, Aldrich and Depew participated, Senator Tillman's resolution directing an inquiry into the character of collateral deposited to secure loans made by New York banks, was referred yesterday to the committee on finance. Senator Depew objected to confining the inquiry to New York banks, and Mr. Tillman said he was willing to have it extended to all cities in which there were stock exchanges.

He spoke of the New York Exchange as the principal "gambling hell" in the country, and Mr. Depew defended New York as a business center, saying that even South Carolina would have suffered if that state had not been able to obtain help from New York.

TO REMOVE WOOD PULP DUTY.

The Bill Is Now in the Hands of House Committee.

Washington, D. C., March 5.—Representative Stevens of Minnesota has introduced a bill prepared by the American Newspaper Publishers' association taking the duty off wood pulp and print paper. The bill contains a proviso that if any country shall lay an export duty on wood pulp the amount of that duty shall be applied on imports into the United States. The bill has been referred to the committee on ways and means. There is small hope that it will receive any consideration at this session.

The state department yesterday received a note from the United States consul at Montreal saying that a deputization to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, of the Manufacturers' Association of that country, urging immediate legislation to impose an export duty on wood pulp, elicited from him an expression of his entire sympathy with the association's views, and the early appointment of a royal commission to consider the matter is thought probable.

MAY TAKE UP LILLEY CHARGES.

The Action Is Expected by the Rules Committee.

Washington, March 5.—Representative Daise of the committee on rules of the House, is quoted as stating that in his opinion the committee will take cognizance of the Lilley resolution, providing for an investigation of the legislative methods of the electric boat company, at its next meeting. Representative Lilley returned to Washington yesterday and it may be a day or two before the committee meets. He has not yet returned to the committee the corrected copy of his charges.

MUCH OPPOSITION AMONG BANKS TO ALDRICH BILL.

Thirty-eight National Ones in This Country Tasked for Their Opinion.

Washington, March 5.—Representatives Parsons, Olcott and Bennett have written to the thirty-eight national banks in New York county asking for a confidential expression as to the Aldrich currency bill.

The replies are now coming in. What they disclose is not given out, but it is known that there is much opposition to the measure.

PRESIDENT MEETS A MOST DESIRABLE CITIZEN.

In the Person of Mrs. Tietjen, Banker's Wife and Mother of Six.

Washington, March 5.—C. F. Tietjen, president of the West Side Bank, New York, and Mrs. Tietjen, were presented to the president yesterday by Representative Bennett of New York. The president and Mrs. Tietjen are old friends, and the visitor reeled off a swift speech in his best vernacular.

"Mr. President," he said, "we're all you, and I bring the greetings of the Bowery. I'm the father of a family of mechanics. You've got 'em all skinned to death and beat a mile. Keep up the good work."

Then Tom recalled what he had written to Mr. Roosevelt while he was at Montauk Point, before he became governor, and asked him down to the Bowery to speak.

"You came and talked to me, Mr. President, 'dye mind, and some'—Here

Tom Ronan, at White House, Tells of Theft of Roosevelt Overcoat.

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FEET AND HANDS CRIPPLED

With Rheumatism, I Could Not Walk for Six Months, and I Could Get No Relief until Cured by



Hundreds of people who know of my suffering give Minard's Liniment the praise. Mrs. E. B. Williams, 62 Sawyer St., Boston. Antiseptic, Healing, Staining.

Tom struggled hard to keep back a term that would not sound well in the White House. "Somebody stole your coat." The president said he minded all about it. He thanked Tom for his good wishes and they shook hands cordially on parting.

HAS STRICT RULES

Brooklyn Man Says He Never Takes Money He Thinks Some Family Needs.

New York, March 5.—Twenty-five years in the saloon business has convinced Timothy F. Fox, a Brooklyn liquor dealer, that three drinks are about sufficient for one brief social session. He says he never takes money that he thinks some family needs, no woman has ever been served in his bar-room and he will allow no loitering.

He does business by adhering strictly to these rules:

"Never serve a drink to a man who shows any sign of being under the influence of liquor."

"Do not treat patrons, as they will feel under the obligation to reciprocate."

"Do not make a habit of cashing the pay checks of city employees, for such accommodation serves as a strong invitation to these men to spend part of their wages."

"Do not sell a drink to a woman."

"Do not have dice or cards or any gambling devices."

"Drinking in moderation will hurt few people and frequently does some good."

"Conduct the liquor business as you would any legitimate trade and exert all your power to eradicate the baneful influences that have brought saloons in general into disrepute."

TO STOP TOBACCO RAIDS.

Bill Passed By The House in Kentucky.

Frankfort, Ky., March 5.—The Me-Gord Tobacco company bill, placing tobacco buying under police control of the state, was passed by the House yesterday afternoon by a vote of 66 to 23. The bill will now go to the Senate. It is designed to relieve the tense conditions growing out of the raids of "night riders" in the tobacco-growing districts of the state.

NO MORE CATARRH.

Red Cross Pharmacy Will Not Allow It to Exist in Barre.

"There will be no more catarrh in Barre," say Rickett & Wells, "unless people fail to follow the law of common sense."

Rickett & Wells make this statement because of the great success that has followed the use of Hyomel in the treatment of catarrhal troubles. So positive is this treatment in quick relief and permanent cure that they sell it under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if it does not do all that is claimed for it.

It follows nature's plan in curing diseases of the throat and lungs by bringing healing medication right to the very spot where the disease germs exist. With this treatment, health-giving oils and balsams are breathed through a nebulizer that comes with every outfit, so that every breath you take while using Hyomel is a breath of healing air. It kills all catarrhal germs and prevents their growth, so that the cure is thorough and permanent.

Remember that Hyomel is sold under a guarantee to cure, nothing unless it cures. If you have any catarrhal troubles, you should take advantage of Rickett & Wells' liberal offer.

SPECIAL ATTORNEY ARRESTED. Charged With Accepting Bills From Montgomery.

New York, March 5.—Nathan Vidaver a special deputy state attorney general was arrested yesterday afternoon by detectives from District Attorney Jerome's office charged with accepting \$200 in military decorations from William E. Montgomery, former president of the Hamilton bank. Vidaver had a prominent part in the recent banking investigation in this city and the Hamilton bank was one of the institutions which was given attention at that time. He is forty-one years old and recently was a candidate for election to the court of general sessions bench.

CHESTER MEETS EVERY TEST. Scout Cruiser Does Well in Her Endurance Run.

Portland, Me., March 5.—The scout cruiser Chester on her twenty-four hours endurance and coal consumption run at an average of 22½ knots, which ended yesterday, bettered her coal economy requirements by fifty-three per cent, steaming 27½ knots per ton of coal consumed, as against 130 knots named in her contract. Everything was successful.

No trouble to talk it over!

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVES' signature is on each box. 25c.

THE N. D. PHELPS CO., 130 N. Main Street.

CANNOT AVOID EXPLOSIONS

Consequent on Quick Gun-fire

ADMIRAL COWLESTESTIFIES

At the Senate Hearing—Possible, However, to Minimize Danger—He Tells of the Accident on Battleship Missouri.

Washington, March 5.—"You can't handle powder, and handle it fast, without having accidents. And you have got to handle it fast—you must reach your gun before the other fellow gets to his. You must hit the other fellow quick and as many times as you can before he gets at you." These expressions are taken from the testimony of Rear Admiral William S. Cowles, chief of the bureau of equipment of the navy department, before the senate committee on naval affairs yesterday in the investigation of criticisms of battleship construction. Speaking plainly, Admiral Cowles said that the American ships were the equal of any afloat and indorsed in positive terms the open turret and direct ammunition hoist, with the improvements made since the Missouri and Georgia accidents, to make them safe.

The testimony of Admiral Cowles was centered in a description of the explosion on the battleship Missouri, which he commanded at the time. He was asked to state the cause of the explosion and the defects that contributed to the accident. Speaking of the open turret on the Missouri, he said that the time between rounds in firing the big guns had been reduced from three hundred to forty seconds. The lesson taught by the explosion, according to the admiral, was that the great danger in the turrets was from flare-backs, which in themselves were harmless to the men, but often intense enough to ignite powder, and therefore the safeguard was to expel gases from the guns before powder was brought within range and that had now been accomplished.

Lieutenant Commander Clelland Davis, assistant chief of the bureau, expressed the opinion that the armor belt was properly located.

MORE ALLEGED ANARCHISTS SEIZED BY CHICAGO POLICE.

Prisoners Deny Knowledge of Plot Against Chief Shipley.

Chicago, March 5.—Continuing their efforts to unravel the supposed plot to assassinate city officials which led to the attack upon George M. Shipley, chief of police, Monday morning, the Chicago police yesterday morning arrested two more men who are supposed to be anarchists. The prisoners, Charles Yanalis and William Stadelweber, both deny all knowledge of the plans of Lazarus Averbach to kill Shipley.

Harry Shipley, the son of the police official, who was badly wounded while assisting his father to overcome the anarchist, passed a restful night at the Augustana hospital, and has good chances for ultimate recovery.

Rosie Stern, for whom the police have been searching since last night, was taken to Assistant Chief Schuetzler's office this morning.

Death Threat For Governor Hughes.

Albany, N. Y., March 5.—It became known yesterday afternoon that Governor Hughes has received letters threatening his life if he does not stop his agitation against race track gambling.

RUSSIAN DOWAGER EMPRESS TO VISIT MORGAN'S HOME

Will Go With Queen Alexandra to Look at Art Treasures.

London, March 5.—The Dowager Empress of Russia arrived here yesterday afternoon on a visit to her sister, Queen Alexandra. King Edward and the queen, the Prince and Princess of Wales, foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey, and a number of other officials met the royal visitors at the railroad station. Extraordinary precautions had been taken by the police for the protection of the empress. The entire railroad line from Dover to London was closely guarded.

During her stay in England the dowager empress will visit the residence of J. Pierpont Morgan, in company with Queen Alexandra, for the purpose of inspecting his unique collection of art treasures.

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FOR QUEBEC CELEBRATION.

The Tercentenary Bill Passes Second Reading.

Ottawa, Ont., March 5.—The bill granting \$100,000 for the tercentenary celebration of the founding of Quebec was read a second time in the Commons Tuesday night. It was during the discussion on this bill that Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that the Prince of Wales would attend, providing it was held the last week in July, which will be done.

Zinc Metal Made Into Oxide of Zinc.

and then combined with white lead, is used to make L. & M. PAINT. Zinc is imperishable and makes the paint wear as long as pure linseed oil will hold it to a surface. The L. & M. PAINT costs only about \$1.50 per gallon.

Maxfield & Co., Paints, Barre, Vt. Montpelier, L. & M. Paint Agents.

DENIES THE DIVINE ORIGIN OF CHRIST

The Rev. R. J. Campbell of London Is Trying to Establish a New Theology.

London, March 5.—The Rev. R. J. Campbell, pastor of City Temple, has published a letter addressed to all free churchmen and other sympathizers, proposing to form a new sect and organization for an active propaganda in behalf of his "new theology," the central idea of which is the denial of the divine origin of Christ, whom he regards as merely a social reformer.

Mr. Campbell's reason for this step, he says, is the hostile attitude of the official element in the churches to the new movement.

The Rev. Reginald John Campbell visited this country in the summer of 1903. He called on President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay in August of that year and was also a guest of Sir Thomas Lipton's yacht, the Erin, which had come here for the America's cup races. He preached to a congregation of 30,000 persons at Ocean Grove, and in his sermon created somewhat of a sensation by saying that many men were questioning the divinity of Christ.

During his six weeks' stay in the United States he visited and preached in most of the large cities, as far west as Denver.

HE CALLS LINCOLN A MERE WARD BOSS.

Indiana Professor Arouses Indignation by His Amazing Charge.

Bloomington, Ind., March 5.—State university circles and the people of this city are amazed by a remark respecting President Lincoln, made by Dr. A. M. Hall of the public speaking department before the history class. Dr. Hall is quoted in the Daily Student, the university paper, as follows:

"Abraham Lincoln was nothing more than a ward politician boss and did not associate with the better class of people in his home town."

Dr. Hall is in a minister of the gospel and was at one time in charge of a church in Springfield, Ill. According to him, Lincoln spent his early life dabbling in politics with the undesirable of the Illinois capital.

The Grand Army post of this city has taken the matter up and members of the faculty are investigating.

All that Dr. Hall said about the matter was to ask the history class if he was correctly reported in the Daily Student. When all agreed that he was simply smiling.